Royce

Rush

Ryan (OH)

Sánchez, Linda

Sanchez, Loretta

Rvan (WI)

Salazar

Sarbanes

Schakowsky

Scalise

Schauer

Schmidt

Schwartz

Scott (GA)

Scott (VA)

Serrano

Shadegg

Sherman

Shimkus

Shuler

Shuster

Simpson

Skelton

Slaughter

Smith (NE)

Smith (NJ)

Smith (TX)

Smith (WA)

Souder

Spratt

Stark

Stearns

Stupak

Sutton

Tanner

Taylor

Teague

Thompson (CA)

Thompson (MS)

Thompson (PA)

Thornberry

Tiahrt

Tiberi

Titus

Tonko

Towns

Tsongas

Turner

Upton

Van Hollen

Velázquez

Visclosky

Wasserman

Schultz

Walden

Watson

Waxman

Whitfield

Wilson (OH)

Wilson (SC

Wittman

Woolsey

Yarmuth

Young (AK) Young (FL)

Wolf

Wu

Westmoreland

Weiner

Welch

Watt

Walz

Tierney

Terry

Tauscher

Space

Sires

Shea-Porter

Sensenbrenner

Schiff

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill, as amended, was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

### CELEBRATING FLAG DAY

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the question on suspending the rules and agreeing to the resolution, H. Res. 420.

The Clerk read the title of the resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. LYNCH) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the resolution, H. Res. 420.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

## RECORDED VOTE

Mr. HASTINGS of Florida. Madam Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 391, noes 0, not voting 42, as follows:

## [Roll No. 313]

## AYES—391

Abercrombie Burton (IN) Dicks Dingell Buyer Aderholt Calvert Doggett Donnelly (IN) Adler (NJ) Camp Campbell Akin Doyle Alexander Cantor Dreier Driehaus Altmire Cao Andrews Capito Duncan Edwards (MD) Arcuri Capps Capuano Edwards (TX) Austria Cardoza Ehlers Baca Bachmann Carnahan Ellison Ellsworth Bachus Carney Carson (IN) Emerson Baird Baldwin Carter Engel Barrow Cassidy Eshoo Bartlett Castle Etheridge Barton (TX) Castor (FL) Fallin Bean Chaffetz Farr Becerra Chandler Fattah Childers Berkley Filner Berman Clarke Flake Berry Clay Fleming Biggert Clyburn Forbes Fortenberry Bilbray Coffman (CO) Bilirakis Foster Bishop (GA) Cohen Foxx Bishop (NY) Frank (MA) Blackburn Conaway Franks (AZ) Connolly (VA) Frelinghuysen Blumenauer Blunt Convers Fudge Boccieri Cooper Gallegly Garrett (NJ) Costa Boehner Crenshaw Gerlach Bonner Boozman Crowley Giffords Gingrey (GA) Cuellar Boren Boswell Culberson Gohmert Boucher Cummings Goodlatte Boustany Dahlkemper Gordon (TN) Brady (PA) Davis (AL) Granger Davis (CA) Brady (TX) Graves Braley (IA) Davis (IL) Grayson Bright Davis (KY) Green, Al Broun (GA) Davis (TN) Green, Gene Brown (SC) Griffith Brown, Corrine Brown-Waite, Delahunt Guthrie DeLauro Gutierrez Hall (NY) Ginny Dent Diaz-Balart, L. Diaz-Balart, M. Buchanan Hall (TX) Burgess Halvorson

McCarthy (CA) Hare Harman McCaul Harper McClintock Hastings (FL) McCollum Heinrich McCotter McDermott Heller Hensarling McHenry Herger McHugh Herseth Sandlin McIntyre Higgins McKeon McMahon Himes McMorris Hinchey Rodgers Hinoiosa McNerney Meek (FL) Hirono Holden Meeks (NY) Mica Honda Michaud Miller (FL) Hover Miller (MI) Miller (NC) Inslee Israel Minnick Mitchell Jackson (IL) Mollohan Moore (KS) Jackson-Lee (TX) Moore (WI) Jenkins Moran (KS) Johnson (GA) Murphy (CT) Johnson, E. B. Murphy (NY) Murphy, Patrick Murphy, Tim Johnson, Sam Jones Jordan (OH) Murtha Kagen Myrick Kanjorski Nadler (NY) Napolitano Kaptur Kildee Neal (MA) Kilpatrick (MI) Neugebauer Kilroy King (IA) Nunes Nve King (NY) Oberstar Kingston Obey Kirk Olson Kirkpatrick (AZ) Olver Kissell Ortiz Klein (FL) Pallone Kline (MN) Pascrell Kosmas Pastor (AZ) Kratovil Paul Kucinich Paulsen Lamborn Payne Lance Pence Langevin Perlmutter Larsen (WA) Perriello Larson (CT) Peters Latham Peterson LaTourette Petri Pingree (ME) Latta Lee (CA) Pitts Lee (NY) Platts Levin Poe (TX) Lewis (CA) Polis (CO) Linder Pomeroy Lipinski Posey Price (GA) LoBiondo Loebsack Price (NC) Quigley Lofgren, Zoe Radanovich Lowey Lucas Rahall Luetkemeyer Rangel Luján Rehberg Reichert Lummis Lungren, Daniel Reyes Richardson  $\mathbf{E}$ Lynch Rodriguez Maffei Rogers (AL) Manzullo Marchant Rogers (KY)

Markey (CO)

Markey (MA)

Marshall

Matheson

Barrett (SC)

Bishop (UT)

Bono Mack

Butterfield

Boyd

Cleaver

Costello

Courtney

DeGette

Gonzalez

Grijalya

Hodes

Hastings (WA)

Deal (GA)

Matsui

# Roybal-Allard NOT VOTING-42

Rogers (MI)

Ros-Lehtinen

Rooney

Roskam

Hoekstra Putnam Rohrabacher Hunter Johnson (IL) Rothman (NJ) Kennedy Ruppersberger Kind Schock Lewis (GA) Schrader Sessions Mack Maloney Sestak McCarthy (NY) Snyder McGovernSpeier Melancon Sullivan Miller, Gary Wamp Miller, George Waters Moran (VA) Wexler

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE
The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). Two minutes remain in this vote.

### $\sqcap$ 1912

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

#### PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California. Madam Speaker, on Monday, June 8, 2009, I was unavoidably absent for three rollcall votes. Had I been present, I would have voted for the International Science and Technology Cooperation Act of 2009, the STEM Education Coordination Act of 2009, and H. Res. 420—Celebrating the symbol of the United States flag and supporting the goals and ideals of Flag Day.

## PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. JACKSON-LEE of Texas. Madam Speaker, because of official business in Houston on June 4, 2009, speaking at a graduation in a school district that had suffered great damage during Hurricane Ike, North Forest High School in the North Forest Independent School District, I missed the following votes:

Roll call vote No. 304 on agreeing to an amendment to H.R. 2200, I would have voted "no."

Roll call vote No. 305 on agreeing to an amendment to H.R. 2200, I would have voted "aye."

Roll call vote No. 306 on the Thompson of Mississippi amendment to H.R. 2200, I would have voted "aye."

Roll call vote No. 307 on the passage of H.R. 2200, the Transportation Security Administration Authorization Act, authored by Jackson-Lee, I would have voted "aye."

Roll call vote No. 308 on agreeing to an amendment to H.R. 626, I would have voted "no."

Roll call vote No. 309, the motion to recommit on Federal Employees Paid Parental Leave Act, I would have voted "no."

Roll call vote No. 310, passage of H.R. 727, the Federal Employees Paid Parental Leave Act, I ask that my vote be recorded as "aye."

## □ 1915

HONORING THE LIFE OF U.S. ARMY FIRST SERGEANT BLUE C. ROWE OF WHITTIER, CALIFORNIA

(Ms. LINDA T. SÁNCHEZ of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. LINDA T. SÁNCHEZ of California. Madam Speaker, it is with great sadness that I rise to pay tribute to U.S. Army First Sergeant Blue C. Rowe. Sergeant Rowe, a devoted husband and father, was a constituent of

mine from Whittier, California. This brave American was killed in action in Afghanistan on May 26, 2009, on the 15th anniversary of his service in the military.

Sergeant Rowe was killed by an improvised explosive device. The 33-year old Rowe leaves behind his 7-year old son, Andrew, and his wife Cindy. My thoughts and prayers go out to Cindy and Andrew, and I hope that they can find some solace in the gratitude that our Nation owes to Sergeant Rowe for his honorable service to his countrymen.

Sergeant Rowe spent his entire adult life serving our country. He joined the Army in 1994 and served in Operation Iraqi Freedom. Last July he mobilized again for duty in Afghanistan.

He and his family have made the greatest sacrifice that one can make, and we are forever in his debt.

Sergeant Rowe, whose life embodied the meaning of the word "patriot", will be missed by family, friends and colleagues, but his honorable deeds will not be forgotten.

## THE 21ST CZAR OF AMERICA

(Mr. POE of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. POE of Texas. Madam Speaker, we have yet another czar appointed by the administration. The Pay Czar will set limits on how much money people can make that took bank bailout money.

The government is establishing a central committee accountable and answerable only to the President. These czars and czarinas avoid scrutiny of Congress. There is no advice and consent by the Senate and little oversight, and no one knows what these czars really do or how they're doing it. There is no authority found anywhere in the Constitution to appoint these czars. They enforce czar rules with no recourse by the citizens. The czars claim they know best how to take care of the masses.

It's appropriate that this administration and past administrations use this Russian term "czar" since the Russians, under the Soviet Union, invented the Politburo. The Soviet Politburo was made up of political party appointees that made all policy decisions and ruled the country through their dictates.

Now we have 21 czars. The newest, the Pay Czar, is moving us ever nearer to a socialist union which leaves us less and less control of the government by the people.

And that's just the way it is.

# SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING FOR IRAQ AND AFGHANISTAN

(Mr. KUCINICH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. KUCINICH. Madam Speaker, despite the current focus on disagree-

ments over funding for the International Monetary Fund and closure of the Guantanamo Bay detention facility, the primary intent of the supplemental is to continue funding for the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan. As Members who remain opposed to the bill, we need to make sure and make clear our opposition and work to defeat the bill.

It's notable that attempts to make important changes to the legislation, such as a call for an exit strategy from Afghanistan, or demands for increased transparency or accountability at the IMF, have been rebuffed. Continued funding of the war operations in Iraq ensures a continued occupation, thereby undermining the stated U.S. goal for withdrawal by the end of 2010. Funds for Iraq should be dedicated to bringing all of our troops home, and bringing those contractors home as well.

It's time to end this war. "No" to any more funds for the war in Iraq and the war in Afghanistan. And "no" if they try to put any other kind of legislation and tie it to the war funding.

Defeat the supplemental.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker's announced policy of January 6, 2009, and under a previous order of the House, the following Members will be recognized for 5 minutes each.

THE UNITED STATES SHOULD NOT PICK WINNERS AND LOSERS IN THE MIDDLE EAST

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Poe) is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. POE of Texas. Madam Speaker, the recent focus on Israel and the Arab-Israeli conflict that continues today is vital and important to our world peace. There are a lot of people out there trying to revise history, however.

The State of Israel was established in 1948 by British mandate after the Holocaust of World War II. The Jewish people lay claim to this area since Biblical times. The establishment of the Jewish State of Israel merely formalized the return of their indigenous homeland by international agreement. Both the United States and the U.N., including the Soviet Union, recognized the State of Israel.

The day after the Jewish state was established in 1948, it was invaded by six surrounding Arab nations. A negotiated cease-fire ended hostility, with Jerusalem being split in the middle between Israel and Jordan.

In 1967 Israel was once again invaded by Syria from the north, Jordan from the east and Egypt from the southwest. During the war, Israel defended itself and expanded its border by including the Golan Heights that was controlled by Syria, the West Bank, controlled by Jordan, and Gaza, controlled by Egypt.

Some would have you believe that the establishment of the State of Israel changed the borders of Arab states in agreements that had existed for centuries. That is simply incorrect. The boundaries of the Middle East countries were fixed by Western powers after Turkey was defeated in World War I. The French took over Syria and Lebanon. The British took over Palestine and Iraq. The areas allotted to Israel had been under the control of the Ottoman Empire from 1517 to 1917. During this 400-year reign of the Turks, the Holy Land was only sparsely populated. The few folks living there were an oppressed Jewish population and mostly revolving Muslim immigrant groups, but also there were small groups of Christians in the area.

The actual boundaries of what became the State of Israel were set by the United Nations in 1947. When formally established in 1948, the attacks on the tiny new state of Israel began immediately by the neighboring Arab states

Yasser Arafat formed the Palestine Liberation Organization, or the PLO, in 1964. He formed a state within a state in the Palestinian homeland of Jordan. Arafat many times stated that Jordan is Palestine. It was not until the 1967 war that the Arab nations backed the PLO for the purpose of taking back land that Israel had won in that defensive war of 1967. In 1967 Arab forces massed against Israel, surrounding the tiny nation.

Egyptian President Nasser was allowed to kick the U.N. peacekeepers out of the Sinai Peninsula, which acted as a buffer between Egypt and Israel. The world watched as hundreds of thousands of Arab troops tried to "drive Israel into the sea." The unexpected brilliance of the Israeli military stopped the aggression from all directions, and Israel was secure for a moment.

As a result of that war for survival, Israel fairly won land: The Sinai, the West Bank and Gaza. Everywhere else in the world, territory acquired in self-defense is only returned in the context of a negotiated peace. Israel has never been fully afforded that negotiated peace. Israelis have returned land time and time again when a peaceful settlement was reached. Soon they may run out of land to give away.

In the Camp David accords of 1978, Israel returned the Sinai to Egypt in return for a peace treaty. Jordan and Syria have less formal but similar agreements with Israel.

Now one issue is whether Israeli Jews that have settled into the West Bank should leave or not be allowed to have natural expansion of their own communities. This should be negotiated between the Israeli Government and the Palestinians. The United States should not interfere in and prevent negotiations by picking winners and losers.

This year the United States is picking the loser of Israel. The United States should help broker negotiations